



## Working SPRTs 909 Family

- Three Stem Lengths
- Wide Operating Range
- Proven Design

This economically-priced Standard Platinum Resistance Thermometer, Model 909, is the workhorse of calibration laboratories all over the world. During 2007 we reviewed our range of SPRTs and now have new models in the 909 family, the 909L and 909H. The wide temperature ranges and economic pricing make this thermometer ideal for the secondary laboratory. For smaller uncertainties to suit the Primary Laboratory refer to the Model 670 SPRTs.

The resistance element is of pure platinum, coiled and mounted in a strain free construction. The former is of pure alumina material and all parts have been pre-aged to eliminate contamination and strain. All joints are welded to minimize resistance changes. The leads are brought to a handle assembly where they are connected to a low loss cable, 2M long and screened.

The 909Q has a quartz sheath while the 909L and 909H have metal sheaths. Whilst metal sheathed thermometers appear more robust than the quartz glass models it should be noted that ALL SPRTs are fragile devices and must be handled with care.

Three thermometer lengths are available, standard length 480mm, extra length 550mm or maximum length 600mm.

Quartz glass thermometers have the advantage that the internal components are visible and can be inspected and continue to be our recommended models. The low temperature models have excellent immersion characteristics and a significant cost saving when compared to the higher temperature models.

The Model 909 is supplied with a calibration certificate giving RTPW and Wga. Alternatively we can provide a complete UKAS calibration certificate, see table opposite. For transportation and storage the Model 909 is supplied in its own attractive carrying case.



Model	909		
Rтрw	25.5Ω	100Ω	
Nominal Resistance	25.5Ω at 0°C	100Ω	
Recommended Max. Current mA		0.5	
Nominal Sensitivity	0.1 Ω/°C	0.4 Ω/°C	
Resistance Ratio	Wga>1.11807 as required by ITS-90		
Self-heating	1mK / 25 microwatts		
Stability	Depends upon the temperature range of use. Typical annual stability, see the table on the next page.		
Internal leads	4 wire-platinum		
External Leads	Silver-plated multi-strand wires in a low-loss insulation cable terminating in gold-plated terminals.		

## How to Order

Model 909 Specify model, resistance and length. State with UKAS Calibration or without UKAS Calibration. at Fixed Points or by Comparison.



			κ=2) Uncertainty (±)			
Temperature	(°C)	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3	Range 4	
BP Nitrogen	-196		10mK	10mK	10mK	
TP Mercury	-38.8344	2mK	2mK	2mK	5mK	
TP Water	0.01	1mK	1mK	2mK	5mK	
MP Gallium	29.7646	2mK				
FP Indium	156.5985		3mK			
FP Tin	231.928		3.5mK	3.5mK	5mK	
FP Zinc	419.527			3.5mK	5mK	
FP Aluminium	660.323				10mK	
				The latest s can be foun Isotech or at www.u	d on the website	

Note:	TP = Triple Point	MP = Melting Point		
	FP = Freezing Point	BP = Boiling Point		

**Note:** The  $100\Omega$  909 has a maximum temperature of 550°C and so cannot be UKAS certified over Range 4. Please contact Isotech if calibration is required above Zinc.

Model	Range (°C)	Ratio Wga	Outer Sheath	Construction	Nominal Diameter	Stem Length	Sensor Length	Notes
909Q 25.5Ω	-200 to 670	>1.11807	Quartz	Sealed with dry oxygen / argon mix	7.5mm	480mm 550mm 600mm	65mm	Isotech recommended secondary standard SPRT
909Q 100Ω	-200 to 550	>1.11807	Quartz	Sealed with dry oxygen / argon mix	7.5mm	480mm 550mm 600mm	65mm	100 Ohm secondary standard SPRT
909H 25.5Ω	-80 to 670	>1.11807	Metal	Sealed	6mm	480mm 550mm 600mm	65mm	Internal alumina tube protects sensor from contamination
909Η 100Ω	-80 to 550	>1.11807	Metal	Sealed	6mm	480mm 550mm 600mm	65mm	Internal alumina tube protects sensor from contamination
909L 25.5Ω	-200 to 165	>1.11807	Metal	Sealed with dry oxygen / argon mix	6mm	480mm 550mm 600mm	65mm	Optimised for low temperatures, less stem conduction due to internal construction
909L 100Ω	-200 to 165	>1.11807	Metal	Sealed with dry oxygen / argon mix	6mm	480mm 550mm 600mm	65mm	Optimised for low temperatures, less stem conduction due to internal